

Laurea Magistrale in Informatica
Formal Methods - Rewriting (2011-2012)

Midterm Exam - May 4th, 2012

1. Let $\mathcal{A}_1 = \langle \{a', b', c'\}, \longrightarrow_1 \rangle$ and $\mathcal{A}_2 = \langle \{a, b, c, d\}, \longrightarrow_2 \rangle$ be two ARSs, where \longrightarrow_1 and \longrightarrow_2 are defined as follows:

$$\begin{array}{ll} a' \longrightarrow_1 b' & a \longrightarrow_2 c \\ a' \longrightarrow_1 c' & a \longrightarrow_2 b \\ c' \longrightarrow_1 a' & b \longrightarrow_2 a \\ c' \longrightarrow_1 c' & b \longrightarrow_2 d \\ & c \longrightarrow_2 c \end{array}$$

Show whether \longrightarrow_1 and \longrightarrow_2 are weakly normalizing, noetherian, locally confluent, confluent or UN (uniqueness of normal forms). Justify your answers.

2. Given the signature $\Sigma = \{a, f, g, k\}$ and variables $x, y, z, w \in V$, compute the (idempotent) most general unifier (if it exists) for each pair of terms:

- i) $t_1 = f(x, f(x, y))$ and $t_2 = f(z, z)$;
- ii) $t_1 = f(x, f(y, k(x)))$ and $t_2 = f(k(z), f(k(w), w))$;
- iii) $t_1 = f(f(x, y), k(y))$ and $t_2 = f(f(w, z), z)$;
- iv) $t_1 = g(f(x, a), y, k(f(a, y)))$ and $t_2 = g(z, k(w), k(f(z, z)))$;
- v) $t_1 = g(x, f(x, y), k(a))$ and $t_2 = g(k(z), f(k(a), w), w)$.

3. Consider the following TRS R on the signature $\Sigma = \{a, f, g, h\}$:

$$\begin{array}{ll} f(a, x) & \rightarrow a \\ f(h(x), y) & \rightarrow g(y, f(x, y)) \\ g(h(a), x) & \rightarrow h(x) \end{array}$$

- i) Give a *reduction ordering on terms* such that R is terminating with respect to such an ordering. Show the formal steps that justify your answer.
- ii) Reduce the term $t = f(h(h(a)), f(a, h(a)))$ to normal form in R , by applying all possible reductions from t in R using an *innermost* strategy (i.e. in case of more redexes, apply the reduction on the redex at the deepest position). Show the rule applied, the position of the redex and the match for each reduction step.
- iii) Given the term $s = f(z, f(h(z), a))$ where $z \in V$, how many reduction steps can be applied in R starting from s ?

4. Given the signature $\Sigma = \{f, g, h, k\}$, orient the following equations

$$\begin{array}{ll} f(g(x, y), h(g(x, y))) & = g(x, h(y)) \\ g(f(g(x, f(y, z)), x), y) & = g(f(x, y), z) \\ g(k(x, z), k(z, y)) & = k(z, g(x, y)) \end{array}$$

into a TRS R . Give a *reduction ordering on terms* such that R is terminating with respect to such an ordering. Show the formal steps that justify your answer.