Algorithm Design Laboratory with Applications

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Problem: A massive bookworm.

The university library is replacing some books with new copies, and is gifting the old copies to students. The old copies are arranged in two piles $S_1 \in S_2$ containing n and m books, respectively. You can take any number of books from the top of S_1 , and any number of books from the top of S_2 , but you cannot take a book from a pile without also taking all the books above it.

Each book has a certain weight in grams (a positive integer). Your backpack can hold up to $W \in \mathbb{N}^+$ grams, and your goal is that taking the largest number η of books from the two piles without exceeding the (overall) weight of W grams.

Design an algorithm that, given S_1 , S_2 , W, and the weight of each book, returns η .

Input. The input consists of a set of instances, or *test-cases*, of the previous problem. The first line of the input contains the number T of test-cases. The first line of each test-case contains the integers n, m, and W. The second line of each test-case contains n integers w_1, \ldots, w_n , where w_i is the weight of the *i*-th book from the top of S_1 . Finally, the third and last line of each test-case contains m integers $'w_1, \ldots, w'_m$, where w'_i is the weight of the *i*-th book from the top of S_2 .

Output. The output consists of T lines. The *i*-th lines is the solution to the *i*-th test case and contains η .

Assumptions. $1 \le T \le 10$; $1 \le n, m \le 2^{19}$; $W \le 2^{30}$. Each book weighs at most 2^{11} grams.

Example. If W = 9, the weights of the books in S_1 are $\langle 3, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3 \rangle$ (from the top to the bottom of the stack), and those of the books in S_2 are $\langle 2, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 4, 2 \rangle$, the optimal value of η is 6 and can be attained by taking 4 books from S_1 and 2 books from S_2 .



Requirements. Your algorithm must have an asymptotic time complexity of O(n + m). **Notes.** A reasonable implementation should not require more than 1 second for each input file.