## Algorithm Design Laboratory with Applications

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Problem: A massive bookworm.
The university library is replacing some books with new copies, and is gifting the old copies to students. The old copies are arranged in two piles $S_{1}$ e $S_{2}$ containing $n$ and $m$ books, respectively. You can take any number of books from the top of $S_{1}$, and any number of books from the top of $S_{2}$, but you cannot take a book from a pile without also taking all the books above it.
Each book has a certain weight in grams (a positive integer). Your backpack can hold up to $W \in \mathbb{N}^{+}$grams, and your goal is that taking the largest number $\eta$ of books from the two piles without exceeding the (overall) weight of $W$ grams.

Design an algorithm that, given $S_{1}, S_{2}, W$, and the weight of each book, returns $\eta$.
Input. The input consists of a set of instances, or test-cases, of the previous problem. The first line of the input contains the number $T$ of test-cases. The first line of each test-case contains the integers $n, m$, and $W$. The second line of each test-case contains $n$ integers $w_{1}, \ldots, w_{n}$, where $w_{i}$ is the weight of the $i$-th book from the top of $S_{1}$. Finally, the third and last line of each test-case contains $m$ integers ' $w_{1}, \ldots, w_{m}^{\prime}$, where $w_{i}^{\prime}$ is the weight of the $i$-th book from the top of $S_{2}$.

Output. The output consists of $T$ lines. The $i$-th lines is the solution to the $i$-th test case and contains $\eta$.
Assumptions. $1 \leq T \leq 10 ; \quad 1 \leq n, m \leq 2^{19} ; \quad W \leq 2^{30}$.
Each book weighs at most $2^{11}$ grams.
Example. If $W=9$, the weights of the books in $S_{1}$ are $\langle 3,1,1,1,2,2,3\rangle$ (from the top to the bottom of the stack), and those of the books in $S_{2}$ are $\langle 2,1,2,3,1,1,4,2\rangle$, the optimal value of $\eta$ is 6 and can be attained by taking 4 books from $S_{1}$ and 2 books from $S_{2}$.


## Input:

1
789
$\begin{array}{lllllll}3 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 3\end{array}$
21231142

Output:

6

Requirements. Your algorithm must have an asymptotic time complexity of $O(n+m)$.
Notes. A reasonable implementation should not require more than 1 second for each input file.

