

# Algorithm Design Laboratory with Applications

Prof. Stefano Leucci

**Problem:** *A massive bookworm.*

The university library is replacing some books with new copies, and is gifting the old copies to students. The old copies are arranged in two piles  $S_1$  e  $S_2$  containing  $n$  and  $m$  books, respectively. You can take any number of books from the top of  $S_1$ , and any number of books from the top of  $S_2$ , but you cannot take a book from a pile without also taking all the books above it.

Each book has a certain weight in grams (a positive integer). Your backpack can hold up to  $W \in \mathbb{N}^+$  grams, and your goal is that taking the largest number  $\eta$  of books from the two piles without exceeding the (overall) weight of  $W$  grams.

Design an algorithm that, given  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $W$ , and the weight of each book, returns  $\eta$ .

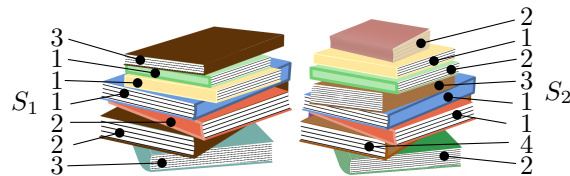
**Input.** The input consists of a set of instances, or *test-cases*, of the previous problem. The first line of the input contains the number  $T$  of test-cases. The first line of each test-case contains the integers  $n$ ,  $m$ , and  $W$ . The second line of each test-case contains  $n$  integers  $w_1, \dots, w_n$ , where  $w_i$  is the weight of the  $i$ -th book from the top of  $S_1$ . Finally, the third and last line of each test-case contains  $m$  integers  $w'_1, \dots, w'_m$ , where  $w'_i$  is the weight of the  $i$ -th book from the top of  $S_2$ .

**Output.** The output consists of  $T$  lines. The  $i$ -th lines is the solution to the  $i$ -th test case and contains  $\eta$ .

**Assumptions.**  $1 \leq T \leq 10$ ;  $1 \leq n, m \leq 2^{19}$ ;  $W \leq 2^{30}$ .

Each book weighs at most  $2^{11}$  grams.

**Example.** If  $W = 9$ , the weights of the books in  $S_1$  are  $\langle 3, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3 \rangle$  (from the top to the bottom of the stack), and those of the books in  $S_2$  are  $\langle 2, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 4, 2 \rangle$ , the optimal value of  $\eta$  is 6 and can be attained by taking 4 books from  $S_1$  and 2 books from  $S_2$ .



*Input:*

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1
7 8 9
3 1 1 1 2 2 3
2 1 2 3 1 1 4 2
```

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*Output:*

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```
6
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**Requirements.** Your algorithm must have an asymptotic time complexity of  $O(n + m)$ .

**Notes.** A reasonable implementation should not require more than 1 second for each input file.